#ITSECX

St.Pölten, Austria

Securing web apps with modern platform features

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2019





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Working in a focus area of the **Google** security team (ISE) aimed at improving product security by targeted proactive projects to mitigate whole classes of bugs.

Common web security flaws
 Web platform security features

Common web security flaws Web platform security features

\$3.4 MILLION

TOTAL REWARDS IN 2018



\$1.7 MILLION

REWARDED FOR ANDROID AND CHROME VULNERABILITIES



MORE THAN

\$15 MILLION

TOTAL REWARDS SINCE THE PROGRAM WAS FOUNDED IN 2010

GOOGLE VULNERABILITY REWARD PROGRAM

2018 Year in Review



1,319 INDIVIDUAL REWARDS



317

PAID RESEARCHERS



78

COUNTRIES REPRESENTED IN BUG REPORTS AND REWARDS



\$41,000

BIGGEST SINGLE REWARD



\$181,000

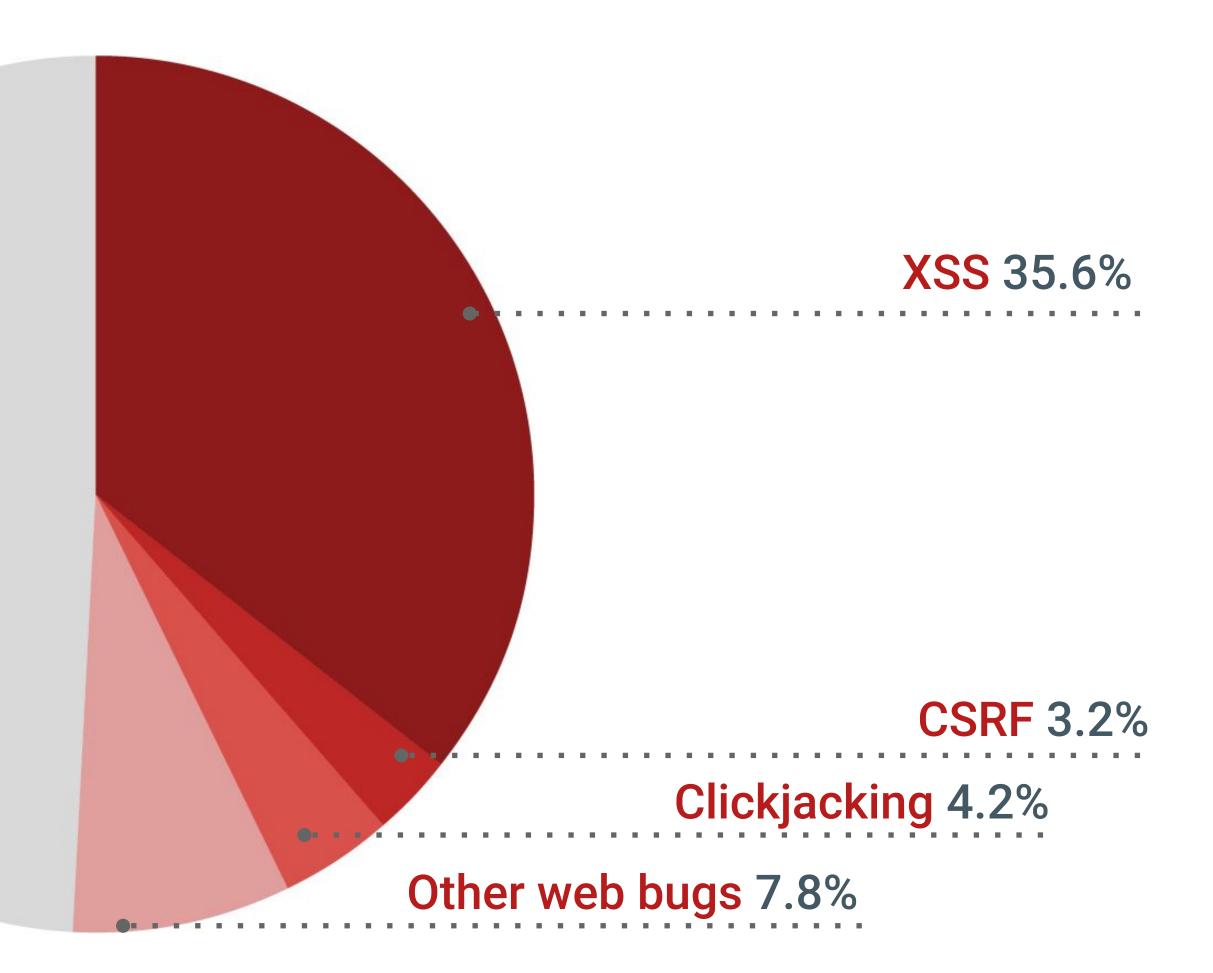
DONATED TO CHARITY

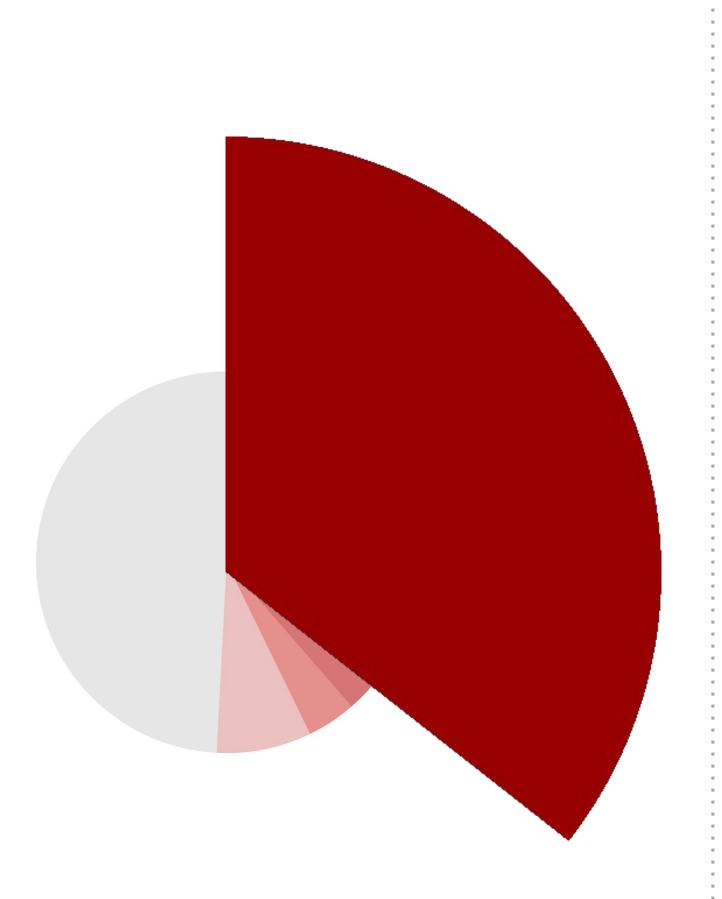
Google Vulnerability Reward Program payouts in 2018

Non-web issues 49.1%

Mobile app vulnerabilities Business logic (authorization) Server /network misconfigurations

•••







Bugs: Cross-site scripting (XSS)

<?php echo \$_GET["query"] ?>

foo.innerHTML = location.hash.slice(1)

Injections

... and many other patterns

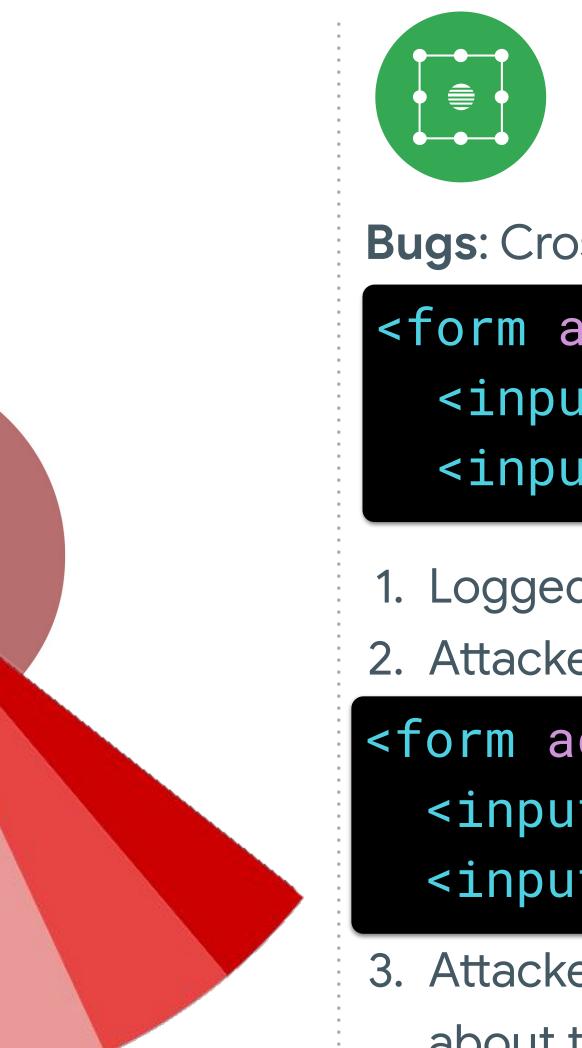
1. Logged in user visits attacker's page

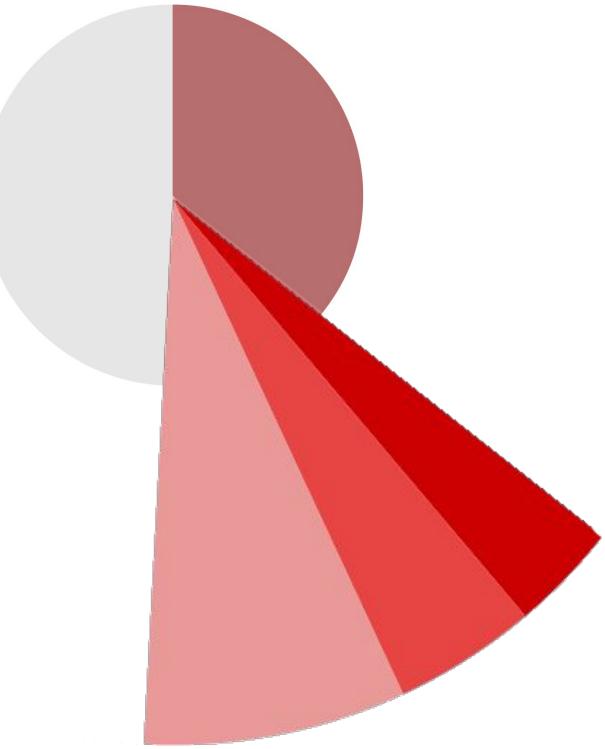
2. Attacker navigates user to a vulnerable URL

https://victim.example/?query=<script src="//evil/">

3. Script runs, attacker gets access to user's session







Insufficient isolation

Bugs: Cross-site request forgery (CSRF), XS-leaks, timing, ...

<form action="/transferMoney">
 <input name="recipient" value="Jim" />
 <input name="amount" value="10" />

1. Logged in user visits attacker's page

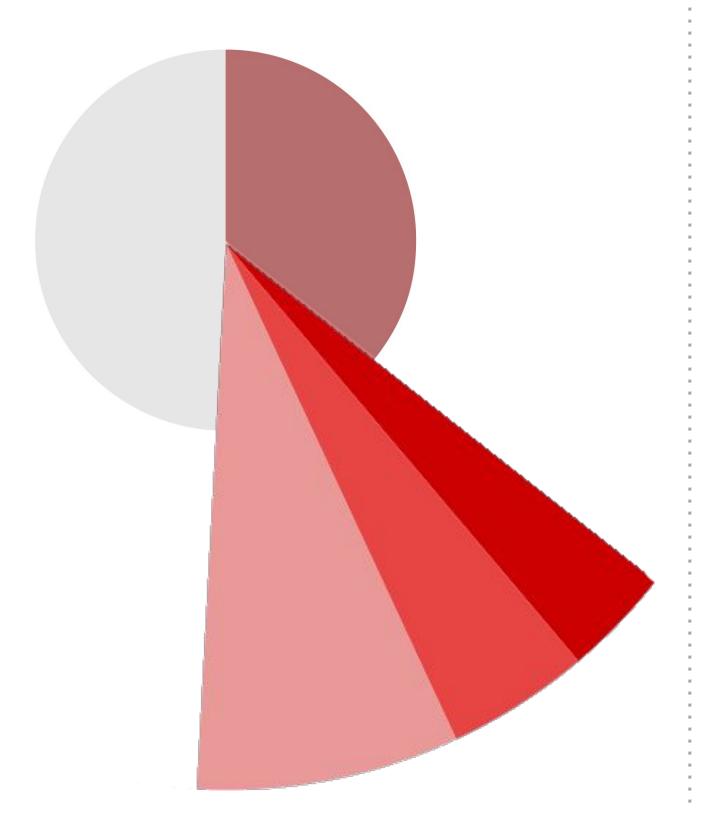
2. Attacker sends cross-origin request to vulnerable URL

<form action="//victim.example/transferMoney">
 <input name="recipient" value="Attacker" />
 <input name="amount" value="∞" />

3. Attacker takes action on behalf of user, or infers information about the user's data in the vulnerable app.



- Microarchitectural issues (Spectre / Meltdown)
- Advanced web APIs used by attackers
- Improved exploitation techniques



Insufficient isolation

New classes of flaws related to insufficient isolation on the web:

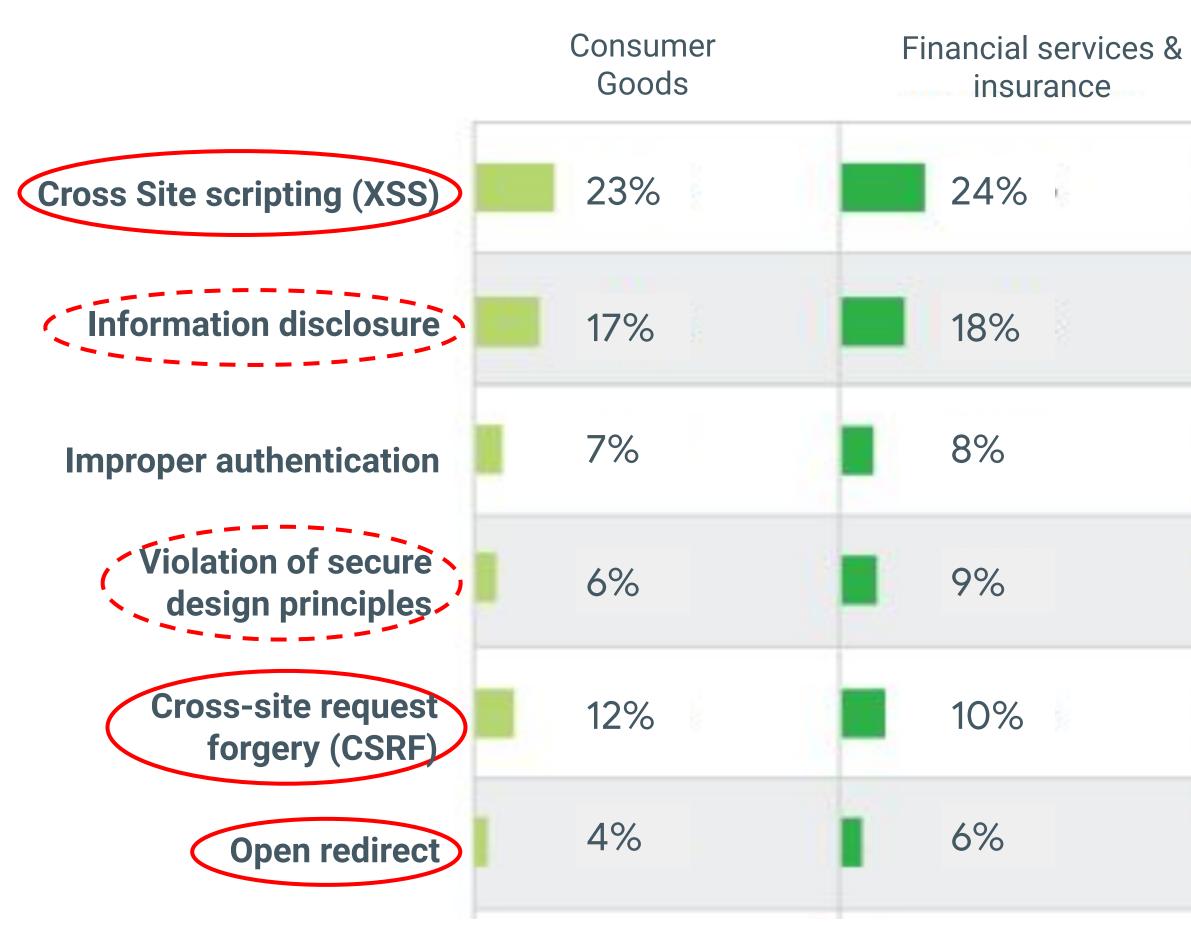
The number and severity of these flaws is growing.

Vulnerabilities by Industry

	Consumer Goods	Financial services & insurance	Government	Healthcare	Media & Entertainment	Professional services	Retail & Ecommerce	Technology	Telecom	Transportation	Travel & Hospitality
Cross Site scripting (XSS)	23%	24%	26%	19%	28%	2.7%	24%	21%	24%	59%	38%
Information disclosure	17%	18%	18%	2 5 %	16%	14%	16%	30%	18%	1%	13%
Improper authentication	7 %	8%	3%	6%	9%	11%	8%	8%	5%	18%	10%
Violation of secure design principles	0.70	9%	11%	10%	10%	12%	9%	8%	13%	6%	4 %
Cross-site request forgery (CSRF)	12%	10%	4%	8%	7%	5%	12%	7%	8%	2 %	8%
Open redirect	4 %	6%	8%	5 %	7%	6%	8%	5%	4%	2 %	9%
Privilege Escalation	5 %	4%	1%	1%	3%	5%	5 %	5%	10%	3 %	6%
Improper access control	12%	9%	3%	9%	6%	7 %	8%	6%	5%	2 %	4%
Cryptographic issues	2 %	2%	18%	1%	2 %	2 %	1%	2 %	3%	1%	1%
Denial of service	2 %	2 %	1%	1%	1%	2 %	1%	2%	2 %	1%	1 %
Business logic errors	4 %	5%	1%	4%	5%	6%	4 %	4%	3%	2 %	5 %
Code injection	1%	1%	1%	5 %	2 %	2 %	2 %	2 %	2 %	1%	1%
SQL injection	5 %	1%	5%	4 %	2 %	0%	2%	2 %	2 %	2 %	1%
	1%	1%	1%	2 %	1%	1%	1%	1%	2 %	1%	1%
	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%

Figure 5: Listed are the top 15 vulnerability types platform wide, and the percentage of vulnerabilities received per industry

Vulnerabilities by Industry



Source: HackerOne report, 2018

Government	Healthcare	Media & Entertainment			
26%	19%	28%			
18%	25%	16%			
3%	6%	9%			
11%	10%	10%			
4%	8%	7%			
8%	5%	7%			

1. Common web security flaws 2. Web platform security features

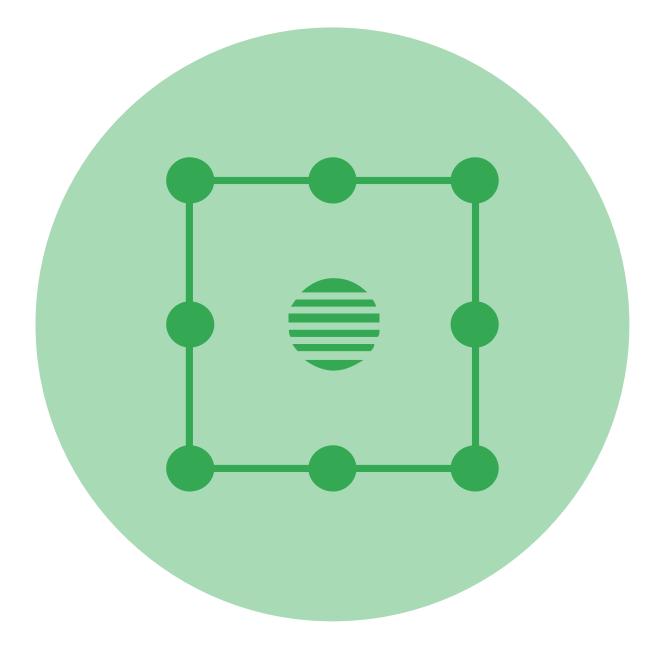


1. Injection defenses



2. Isolation mechanisms





1. Injection defenses 2. Isolation mechanisms

Injection defenses: **Content Security Policy Level 3**

Mitigate XSS by introducing fine-grained controls on script execution in your application.

CSP Basics

CSP is a strong defense-in-depth mechanism against XSS

Developers can control which



scripts get executed

plugins are loaded

Note: CSP is not a replacement for proper escaping or fixing bugs!





Response Headers

alt-svc: clear

cache-control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate

content-encoding: gzip

content-security-policy: script-src https://clients4.google.com/insights/consumersurveys/ https://www.google.com/js/bg/ 'self' 'unsafe-inline' 'unsafe-eval' https://mail.goo gle.com/ /scs/mail-static/ https://hangouts.google.com/ https://*.talkgadget.google.com/ https://www.googleapis.com/appsmarket/v2/installe dApps/ https://www-gm-opensocial.googleusercontent.com/gadgets/js/ https://docs.google.com/static/doclist/client/js/ https://www.google.com/tools/feedback/ https://s.yti mg.com/yts/jsbin/ https://www.youtube.com/iframe api https://apis.google.com/ /scs/abc-static/ https://apis.google.com/js/ https://clientsl.google.com/complete/ https:// apis.google.com/ /scs/apps-static/ /js/ https://ssl.gstatic.com/inputtools/js/ https://inputtools.google.com/request https://ssl.gstatic.com/cloudsearch/static/o/js/ htt ps://www.gstatic.com/feedback/js/ https://www.gstatic.com/common sharing/static/client/js/ https://www.gstatic.com/og/ /js/ https://*.hangouts.sandbox.google.com/;framesrc https://clients4.google.com/insights/consumersurveys/ https://calendar.google.com/accounts/ https://ogs.google.com https://onegoogle-autopush.sandbox.google.com 'sel f' https://accounts.google.com/ https://apis.google.com/u/ https://apis.google.com/ /streamwidgets/ https://clients6.google.com/static/ https://content.googleapis.com/st atic/ https://mail-attachment.googleusercontent.com/ https://www.google.com/calendar/ https://calendar.google.com/calendar/ https://docs.google.com/ https://drive.googl e.com https://*.googleusercontent.com/docs/securesc/ https://feedback.googleusercontent.com/resources/ https://www.google.com/tools/feedback/ https://support.google.com/ inapp/ https://*.googleusercontent.com/gadgets/ifr https://hangouts.google.com/ https://talkgadget.google.com/ https://*.talkgadget.google.com/ https://www-gm-opensocia l.googleusercontent.com/gadgets/ https://plus.google.com/ https://wallet.google.com/gmail/ https://www.youtube.com/embed/ https://clients5.google.com/pagead/drt/dn/ http s://clients5.google.com/ads/measurement/jn/ https://www.gstatic.com/mail/ww/ https://www.gstatic.com/mail/intl/ https://clients5.google.com/webstore/wall/ https://ci3.go ogleusercontent.com/ https://gsuite.google.com/u/ https://gsuite.google.com/marketplace/appfinder https://www.gstatic.com/mail/promo/ https://notifications.google.com/ h ttps://tracedepot-pa.clients6.google.com/static/ https://mail-payments.google.com/mail/payments/ https://staging-taskassist-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://task assist-pa.clients6.google.com https://appsassistant-pa.clients6.google.com https://apis.sandbox.google.com https://plus.sandbox.google.com https://notifications.sandbox. google.com/ https://*.hangouts.sandbox.google.com/ https://gtechnow.googleplex.com https://gtechnow-qa.googleplex.com https://test-taskassist-pa-googleapis.sandbox.googl e.com https://autopush-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://staging-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily0-appsassistant-pa-goog leapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily1-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily2-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily3-apps assistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily4-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily5-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com ht tps://daily6-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://*.prod.amp4mail.googleusercontent.com/ https://chat.google.com/ https://dynamite-preprod.sandbox.goog le.com https://*.client-channel.google.com/client-channel/client https://clients4.google.com/invalidation/lcs/client https://tasks.google.com/embed/ https://keep.google. com/companion https://addons.gsuite.google.com https://contacts.google.com/widget/hovercard/v/2 https://*.googleusercontent.com/confidential-mail/attachments/;report-uri

▼ Response Headers

alt-svc: clear

cache-control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate
content-encoding: gzip

content-security-policy: script-src https://clients4.google.com/insights/consumersurveys/ https://www.google.com/js/bg/ 'self' 'unsafe-inline' 'unsafe-eval' https://mail.goo gle.com/ /scs/mail-static/ https://hangouts.google.com/ https://talkgadget.google.com/ https://*.talkgadget.google.com/ https://www.googleapis.com/appsmarket/v2/installe dApps/ https://www-gm-opensocial.googleusescontent.com/gadgets/js/ https://docs.google.com/static/doclist/client/js/ https://www.google.com/tools/feedback/ https://s.yti mg.com/yts/jsbin/ https://www.youtube.com/iframe.api https://apis.google.com/ /scs/abc-static/ https://apis.google.com/js/ https://clients1.google.com/complete/ https:// apis.google.com/_/scs/apps-static/_/js/_https://ssl.gstatic.com/inputtools/js/_https://inputtools.google.com/request_https://ssl.gstatic.com/cloudsearch/static/o/js/_https://ssl.gstatic/o/js/_https://ssl.gstatic.com/cloudsearch/stati ps://www.gstatic.com/feedback/js/ https://www.gstatic.com/common sharing/static/client/js/ https://www.gstatic.com/og/ /js/ https://*.hangouts.sandbox.google.com/;framesrc https://clients4.google.com/insights/consumersurveys/ https://calendar.google.com/accounts/ https://ogs.google.com https://onegoogle-autopush.sandbox.google.com 'sel f' https://accounts.google.com/ https://apis.google.com/u/ https://apis.google.com/ /streamwidgets/ https://clients6.google.com/static/ https://content.googleapis.com/st atic/ https://mail-attachment.googleusercontent.com/ https://www.google.com/talendar/ https://calendar.google.com/calendar/ https://docs.google.com/ https://drive.googl e.com https://*.googleusercontent.com/docs/securesc/ https://feedback.googleusercontent.com/resources/ https://www.google.com/tools/feedback/ https://support.google.com/ inapp/ https://*.googleusercontent.com/gadgets/ifr https://hangouts.google.com/ nttps://talkgadget.google.com/ https://*.talkgadget.google.com/ https://www-gm-opensocia l.googleusercontent.com/gadgets/ https://plus.google.com/ https://wallet.google.com/gmail/ https://www.youtube.com/embed/ https://clients5.google.com/pagead/drt/dn/ http s://clients5.google.com/ads/measurement/jn/ https://www.gstatic.com/mail/ww/ https://www.gstatic.com/mail/intl/ https://clients5.google.com/webstore/wall/ https://ci3.go ogleusercontent.com/ https://gsuite.google.com/u/ https://gsuite.google.com/marketplace/appfinder https://www.gstatic.com/mail/promo/ https://notifications.google.com/ h ttps://tracedepot-pa.clients6.google.com/static/ https://mail-payments.google.com/mail/payments/ https://staging-taskassist-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://task assist-pa.clients6.google.com https://appsassistant pa.clients6.google.com https://apis.sandbox.google.com https://plus.sandbox.google.com https://notifications.sandbox. google.com/ https://*.hangouts.sandbox.google_com/ https://gtechnow.googleplex.com https://gtechnow-qa.googleplex.com https://test-taskassist-pa-googleapis.sandbox.googl e.com https://autopush-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://staging-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily0-appsassistant-pa-goog leapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily1-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily2-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily3-apps assistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily4-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://daily5-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com ht tps://daily6-appsassistant-pa-googleapis.sandbox.google.com https://*.prod.amp4mail.googleusercontent.com/ https://chat.google.com/ https://dynamite-preprod.sandbox.goog le.com https://*_client-channel.google.com/client-channel/client https://clients4.google.com/invalidation/lcs/client https://tasks.google.com/embed/ https://keep.google. com/companies https://addons.gsuite.google.com https://contacts.google.com/widget/hovercard/v/2 https://*.googleusercontent.com/confidential-mail/attachments/;report-uri

Better, faster, stronger: nonce-based CSP!

Content-Security-Policy: script-src 'nonce-...' 'strict-dynamic'; object-src 'none'; base-uri 'none'

No customization required! Except for the per-response nonce value this CSP stays the same.



Content Security Policy

Strict CSP Why CSP Adopting CSP Resources Introduction FAQ

Strict CSP

Content Security Policy can help protect your application from XSS, but in order for it to be effective you need to define a secure policy. To get real value out of CSP your policy must prevent the execution of untrusted scripts; this page describes how to accomplish this using an approach called **strict CSP**. This is the recommended way to use CSP.

Adopting a strict policy

To enable a strict CSP policy, most applications will need to make the following changes:

- Add a nonce attribute to all <script> elements. Some template systems can do this automatically.
- Refactor any markup with inline event handlers (onclick, etc.) and javascript: URIs (details).
- For every page load, generate a new nonce, pass it the to the template system, and use the same value in the policy.

Adopting CSP guides you through this process in more detail, including code examples, and explains how to use tools to help with any necessary refactoring.

Detailed guide at csp.withgoogle.com

Content Security Policy



Evaluated CSP as seen by a browser supporting CSP Version 3



Use the **CSP Evaluator** to check your policy csp-evaluator.withgoogle.com

Sample unsafe policy Sample s

```
script-src 'unsafe-inline' 'unsafe-eval' 'self' data: https://www.google.com
    http://www.google-analytics.com/gtm/js https://*.gstatic.com/feedback/
    https://ajax.googleapis.com;
```

CSP Version 3 (nonce based + backward compatibility checks) 🔻 😰

CHECK CSP

script-src	Host whitelists can frequently be bypassed. Consider using 'strict-dynamic' in combination with CSP nonces or hashes.				
unsafe-inline'	'unsafe-inline' allows the execution of unsafe in-page scripts and event handlers.				
⑦ 'unsafe-eval'	'unsafe-eval' allows the execution of code injected into DOM APIs such as eval().				
⑦ 'self'	'self' can be problematic if you host JSONP, Angular or user uploaded files.				
• data:	data: URI in script-src allows the execution of unsafe scripts.				
https://www.google.com	www.google.com is known to host JSONP endpoints which allow to bypass this CSP.				
http://www.google-analytics.com/gtm/js	www.google-analytics.com is known to host JSONP endpoints which allow to bypass this CSP.				
	Allow only resources downloaded over HTTPS.				
https://*.gstatic.com/feedback/	No bypass found; make sure that this URL doesn't serve JSONP replies or Angular libraries.				
https://ajax.googleapis.com	ajax.googleapis.com is known to host JSONP endpoints and Angular libraries which allow to bypass this CSP.				
object-src [missing]	Missing object-src allows the injection of plugins which can execute JavaScript. Can you set it to 'none'?	~			

afe	pol	icy





Summary: Nonce-based CSP

- + Always the same CSP
- + More secure*
- + <script> tags with valid nonce attribute will execute
- + Mitigates stored/reflected XSS

<script> tags injected via XSS (without nonce) are blocked

+ NEW in CSP3: 'strict-dynamic'

* https://ai.google/research/pubs/pub45542



No customization required! Except for the per-response nonce value this CSP stays the same.

Content-Security-Policy: script-src 'nonce-...' 'strict-dynamic'; object-src 'none'; base-uri 'none'



Injection defenses: **Trusted Types**

Eliminate risky patterns from your JavaScript by requiring typed objects in dangerous DOM APIs.



How does DOM XSS happen?

- - User controlled strings get converted into code
 - Via dangerous DOM APIs like:
 - innerHTML, window.open(), ~60 other DOM APIs

var foo = location.hash.slice(1); document.querySelector('#foo').innerHTML = foo;



DOM XSS is a <u>client-side</u> XSS variant caused by the DOM API not being secure by default

Example: https://example.com/#



OCATION.OPEN HTMLFrameElement.srcdoc HTMLMediaElement.src HTMLInputElement.formAction HTMLSourceElement.src HTMLAreaElement.href HTMLInputElement.src Element.innerHTML HTMLFrameElement.src HTMLBaseElement.href HTMLTrackElement.src HTMLButtonElement.formAction HTMLScriptElement.textContent HTMLImageElement.src HTMLEmbededElement.src UCCATION.assign

The idea behind Trusted Types

typed objects Require **strings** for passing (HTML, URL, script URL) values to DOM sinks.

URL string HTML string becomes Script string Script URL string



TrustedURL TrustedHTML TrustedScript TrustedScriptURL

The idea behind Trusted Types

When Trusted Types are **enforced**

Content-Security-Policy: trusted-types myPolicy

DOM sinks reject strings

element.innerHTML = location.hash.slice(1); // a string

O Ducaught TypeError: Failed to set the 'innerHTML' property on 'Element': This document requires demo2.html:9 'TrustedHTML' assignment. at demo2.html:9

DOM sinks accept typed objects



element.innerHTML = aTrustedHTML; // created via a TrustedTypes policy

Injection defenses: 2019 edition

Add hardening and defense-in-depth against injections:

Hardening: Use Trusted Types to make your client-side code safe from DOM XSS. Your JS will be safe by default; the only potential to introduce injections will be in your policy functions, which are much smaller and easier to review.

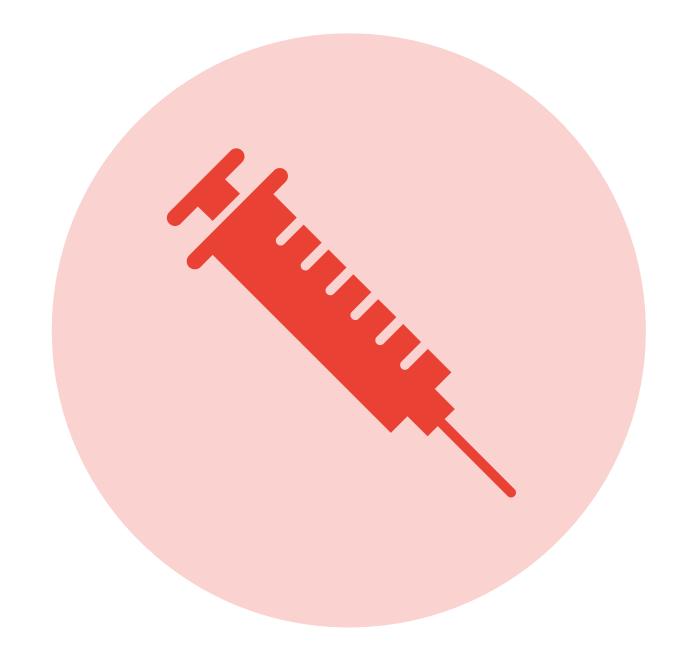
Defense-in-depth: Use CSP3 with nonces (or hashes for static sites) - even if an attacker finds an injection, they will not be able to execute scripts and attack users.

Together they prevent & mitigate the vast majority of XSS bugs.

Content-Security-Policy:

trusted-types myPolicy; script-src 'nonce-...'; object-src 'none'; base-uri 'none'





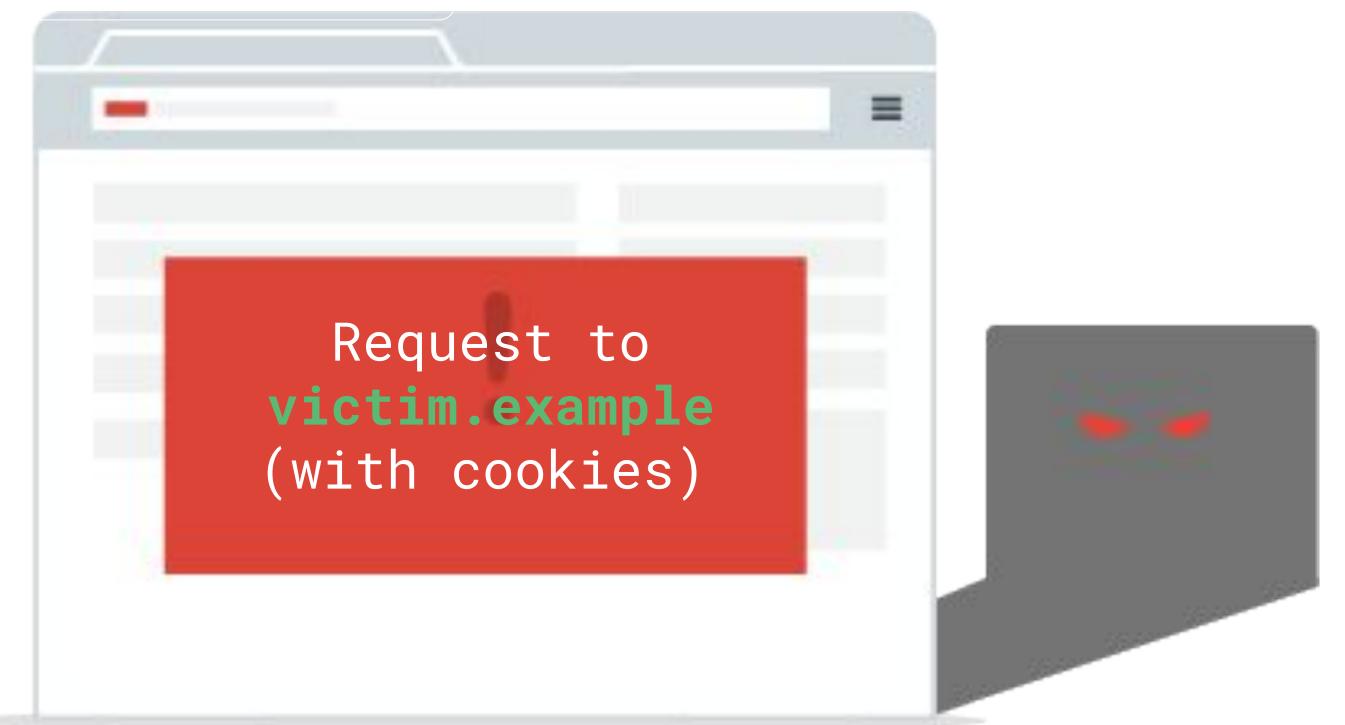


1. Injection defenses **2. Isolation mechanisms**

Why do we need isolation?

Attacks on resources

evil.example

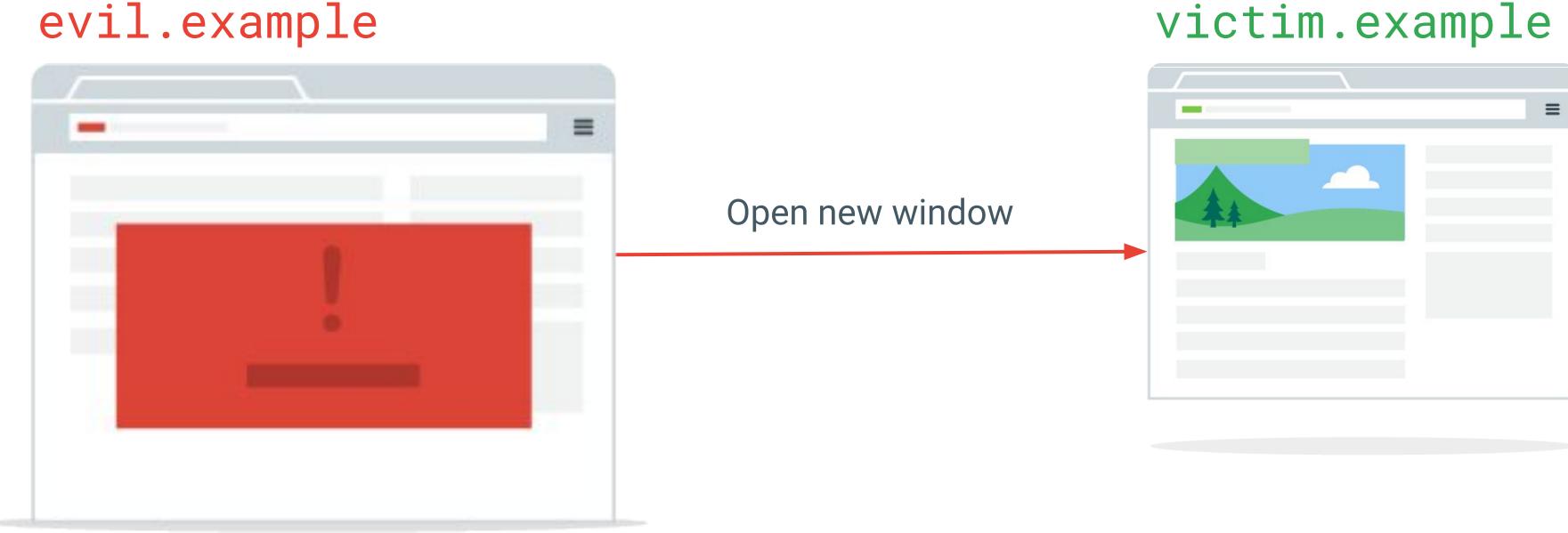


Examples: CSRF, XSSI, clickjacking, web timing attacks, Spectre



Why do we need isolation?

Attacks on windows



Examples: XS-Search, tabnabbing, login detection, Spectre



Quick review: origins & sites

Two URLs are **same-origin** if they share the same scheme, host and port. **https://www.google.com**/foo and **https://www.google.com**/bar

Two URLs are **same-site** if they share the same scheme & registrable domain. **https://mail.google.com/** and **https://photos.google.com/**

Otherwise, the URLs are **cross-site**. https://www.youtube.com/ and https://www.google.com/



Isolation for resources: Fetch Metadata request headers

Let the server make security decisions based on the source and context of each HTTP request.

Three new HTTP request headers sent by browsers:

Sec-Fetch-Site: Which website generated the request? same-origin, same-site, cross-site, none

Sec-Fetch-Mode: The Request *mode*, denoting the *type* of the request

Sec-Fetch-User: Was the request caused by a user gesture?



- cors, no-cors, navigate, nested-navigate, same-origin
- ?1 if a navigation is triggered by a click or keypress

https://site.example

fetch("https://site.example/foo.json")

https://evil.example



GET /foo.json Host: site.example Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin Sec-Fetch-Mode: cors

GET /foo.png
Host: site.example
Sec-Fetch-Site: cross-site
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors

Reject cross-origin requests to protect from CSRF, XSSI & other bugs def allow_request(req): # Allow requests from browsers which don't send Fetch Metadata if not req['sec-fetch-site']: return True

Allow same-site and browser-initiated requests
if req['sec-fetch-site'] in ('same-origin', 'same-site', 'none'):
 return True

Allow simple top-level navigations from anywhere
if req['sec-fetch-mode'] == 'navigate' and req.method == 'GET':
 return True

return False

Adopting Fetch Metadata

- 1. Monitor: Install a module to monitor if your isolation logic would reject any legitimate cross-site requests.
- 2. **Review**: Exempt any parts of your application which need to be loaded by other sites from security restrictions.
- 3. **Enforce**: Switch your module to reject untrusted requests.





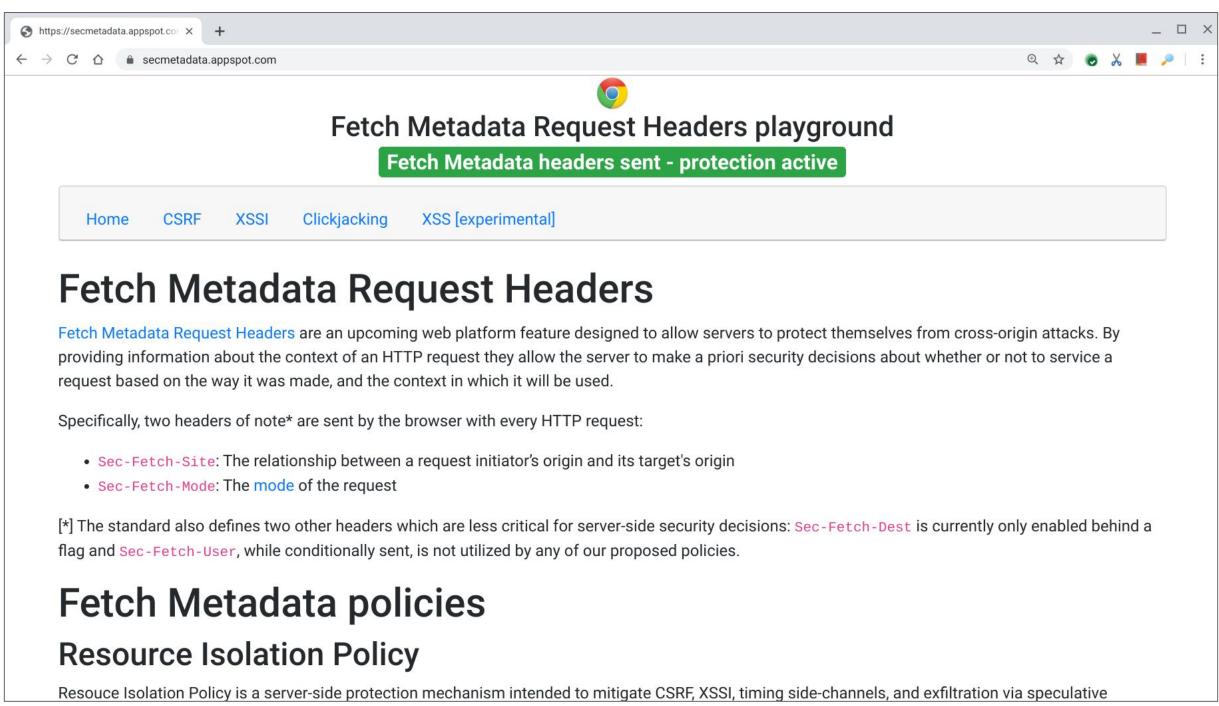
 \star Also set a Vary: Sec-Fetch-Site, Sec-Fetch-Mode response header.

Fetch Metadata based **Resource-Isolation** Middleware

Playground: <u>secmetadata.appspot.com</u>

<u>github.com/empijei/sec-fetch-resource-isolation</u>

<u>github.com/florimondmanca/fetch-metadata-asgi</u>



| 📮 empijei / | sec-fetch-re | esource-isolation | | | | O Unwatch ▼ | 3 🕇 Unst | ar 1 😵 | For |
|--------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------|
| <> Code | Issues 0 | 🕅 Pull requests 🚺 | Projects 0 | 🗐 Wiki | C Security | Insights | | | |
| A set of Sec | -Fetch based r | middlewares to enforc | e resource isolati | ion on web a | applications | | | | |
| 2 commits | | ဖို 1 branch | S | o releases | | 1 contributor | | ه <u>أ</u> ة Apache-2 | .0 |
| Branch: mast | er • New pull | request | | | Create new | / file Upload file | Find File | Clone or do | wnl |
| 🕌 empijei . | Added python snipp | et | | | | | Latest comm | it 48cbfdd 23 I | nour |
| python | | | Added python snip | opet | | | | 23 h | our |



Solation for windows: **Cross-Origin Opener Policy**

Protect your windows from cross-origin tampering.

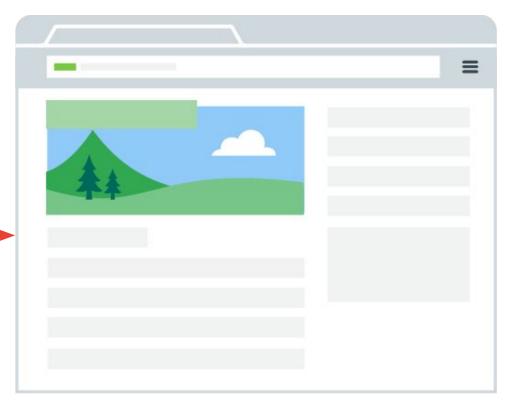
evil.example



w = window.open(victim, "_blank") // Send messages w.postMessage("hello", "*")

// Count frames alert(w.frames.length); // Navigate to attacker's site w.location = "//evil.example"

victim.example



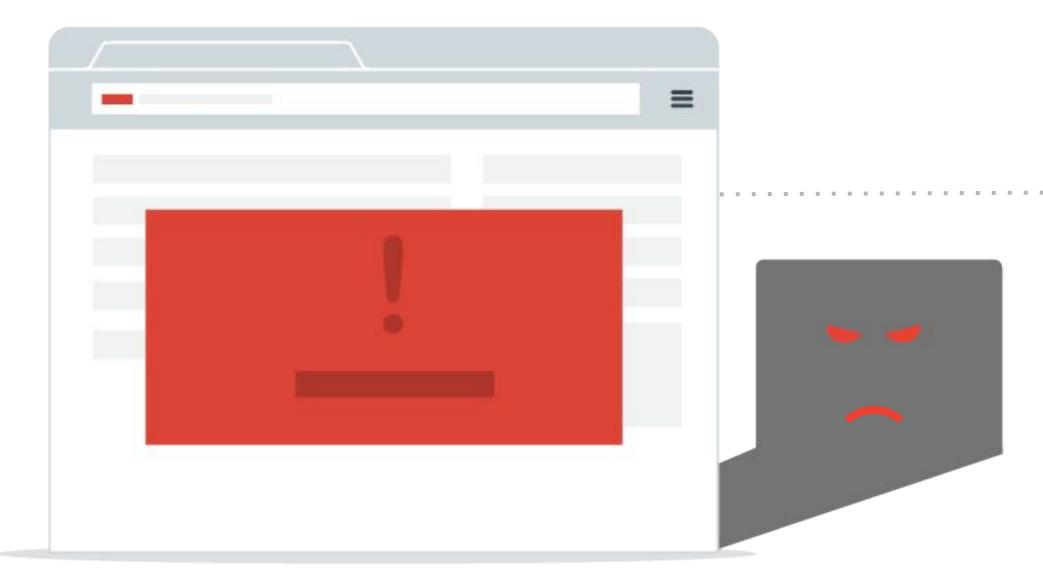
Open new window

Isolation: Cross-Origin Opener Policy

victim.example

Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy: same-origin

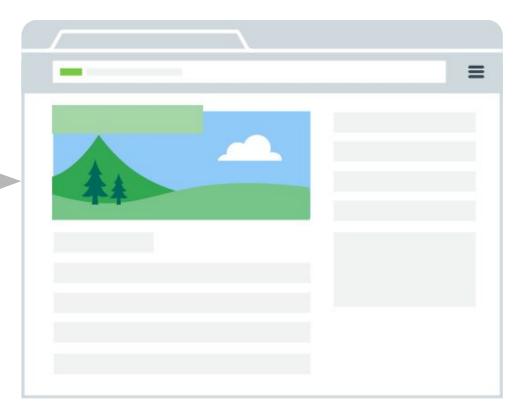
evil.example





or Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy: same-site

victim.example



Adopting COOP

A window with a Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy will be put in a different browsing context group from its cross-site opener:

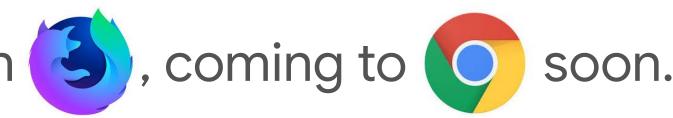
- External documents will lose direct references to the window
- >> window.opener.postMessage('evil!', '*')
- TypeError: window.opener is null [Learn More]

separate process to protect the data from speculative execution bugs.

Currently implemented as a prototype in (3), coming to (0) soon.



Side benefit: COOP allows browsers without Site Isolation to put the document in a



Recap: Web Security, 2019 Edition

Defend against injections and isolate your application from untrusted websites.

CSP3 based on script nonces

- Modify your <script> tags to include a *nonce* which changes on each response

Content-Security-Policy: script-src 'nonce-...' 'strict-dynamic' ...

Trusted Types

- Enforce type restrictions for unsafe DOM APIs, create safe types in policy functions

Content-Security-Policy: trusted-types default

Fetch Metadata request headers

- Reject resource requests that come from unexpected sources
- Use the values of Sec-Fetch-Site and Sec-Fetch-Mode request headers

Cross-Origin Opener Policy

- Protect your windows references from being abused by other websites

Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy: same-origin









Thank you!

Slides: http://bit.ly/securing-web-apps



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Helpful resources

csp.withgoogle.com

csp-evaluator.withgoogle.com

bit.ly/trusted-types

bit.ly/lwe-tpac-coop

bit.ly/lwe-tpac-fetch-metadata

<u>github.com/empijei/sec-fetch-resource-isolation</u>

Passionate about (web) security? Our team is hiring!

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